



**Alaska**  
**EPSCoR**  
**AHM 2023 – Year 5**



# Coastal Margins Component

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## Team Leadership



LeeAnn Munk  
UAA PI



Brenda Konar  
PD/UAF PI



Julie Schram  
UAS PI

# Personnel and Organization

## Leadership



Brenda  
Konar  
PD/UAF PI



Julie  
Schram  
UAS PI



LeeAnn  
Munk  
UAA PI

## Human Dimensions



Matt  
Berman  
UAA



Jennifer  
Schmidt  
UAA

## Stream Team



Jason  
Fellman  
UAS



Eran Hood  
UAS



Eric Klein  
UAA

## Marine Environment



Martin  
Stuefer  
UAF



Mark  
Johnson  
UAF



Amanda  
Kelley  
UAF



Claudine  
Hauri  
UAF

## Plankton



Gwenn  
Hennon  
UAF



Alexei  
Pinchuk  
UAF

## Invertebrates/Algae



Katrin Iken  
UAF



Schery  
Umanzor  
UAF

## Fish



Franz  
Mueter  
UAF



Jessica  
Glass  
UAF

# Coastal Margins Outline

- Overview
- Research Goals and Objectives
- Sampling of Research Results by Goal – Flash Talks by Team Members and other Highlights of Results
- Summary of Research Milestones





# Coastal Margins Research Goals

## Goal CM1



Characterize the hydrological and biogeochemical dynamics of rivers along a glacial to non-glacial watershed gradient and their linkages to coastal oceanography.

## Goal CM2



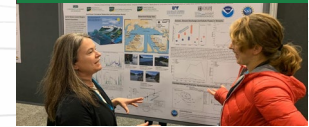
Quantify biological responses of nearshore marine organisms to varying physical and chemical conditions along the glacial to non-glacial gradient.

## Goal CM3



Understand the potential responses of coastal resource users to current changes and anticipated future shifts in nearshore marine resources.

## Goal CM4



Hire and train researchers and share results with academic audiences and stakeholders.

# Overarching Research Goal

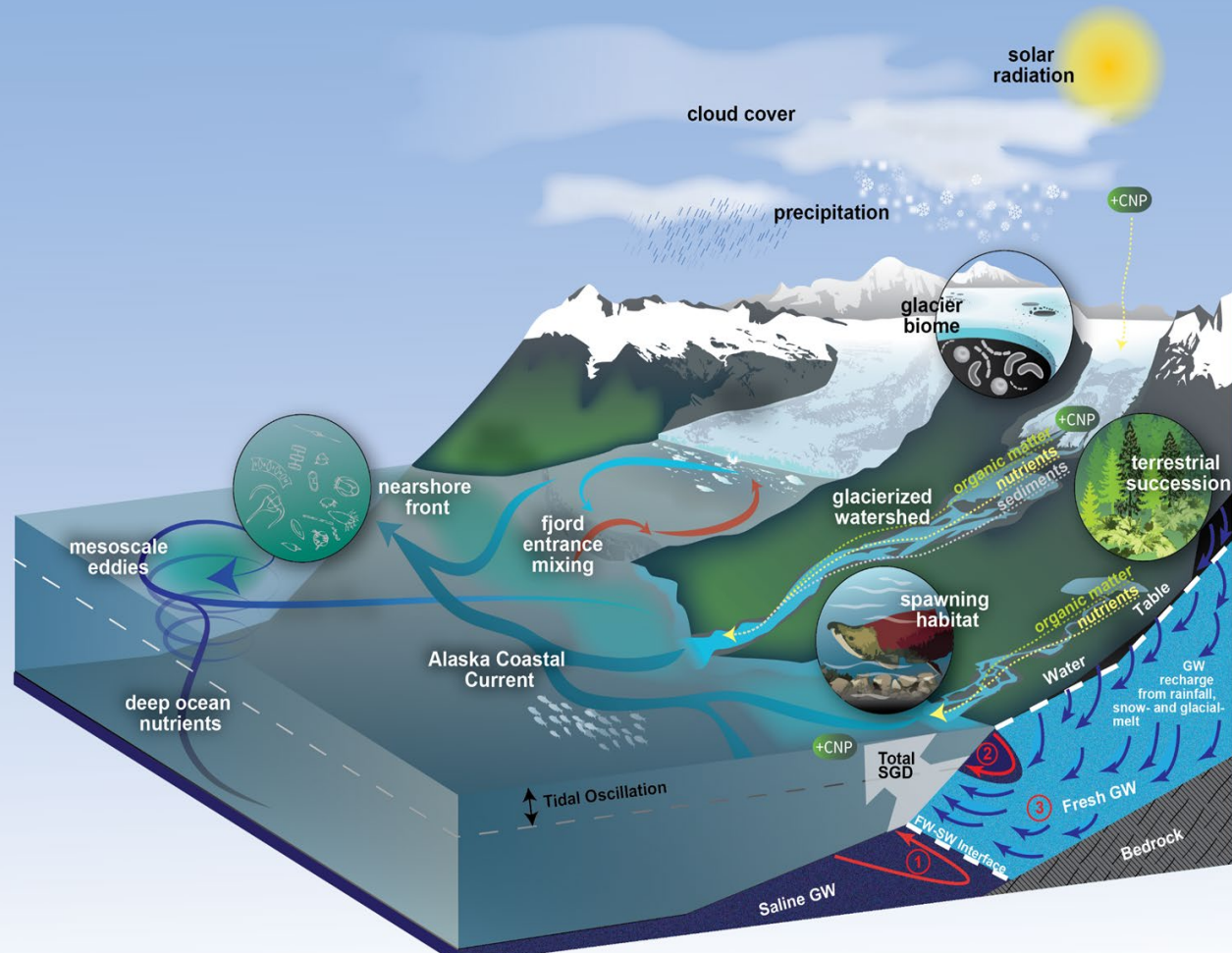
- Quantify biological responses in coastal waters to **climate-induced changes** in physical and chemical conditions, and
- Understand the **potential responses** of fishing communities to resulting shifts in ecosystem services.



Beach seining at the mouth of the Wosnesenski River in Kachemak Bay

# Research Focus

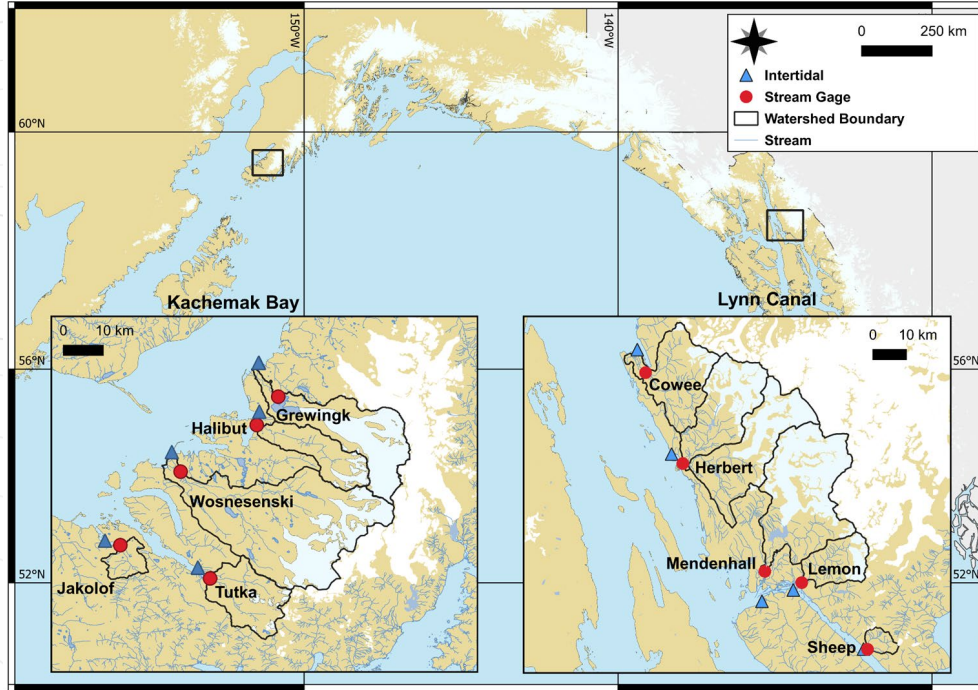
## Conceptual Framework of The Land-Ocean System



Modified from O'Neel et al., 2015



# Research Sites



## Lynn Canal

Watershed	Percent Glaciated	Watershed Area (km <sup>2</sup> )
Mendenhall	63	222
Eagle/Herbert	49	152
Lemon	29	61
Cowee	13	110
Sheep	<2	15

Climate (1981-2010)	
Average Temperature (°C)	5.6
Average Yearly Precip (cm)	158
Temperature Minimum (°C)	-30
Temperature Maximum (°C)	32

## Kachemak Bay

Watershed	Percent Glaciated	Watershed Area (km <sup>2</sup> )
Grewingk	60	112
Wosnesenski	27	256
Halibut	16	56
Tutka	8	66
Jakolof	0	18

Climate (1980-2019)	
Average Temperature (°C)	3.8
Average Yearly Precip (cm)	64
Temperature Minimum (°C)	-31
Temperature Maximum (°C)	28



# Regional Statistics

Gulf of Alaska watershed  
~420,230 km<sup>2</sup>

Glacier coverage  
~75,000 km<sup>2</sup>

Annual freshwater  
discharge  
~800 km<sup>3</sup>/yr



# KB & LC Statistics

KB and LC watersheds  
~1054 km<sup>2</sup>

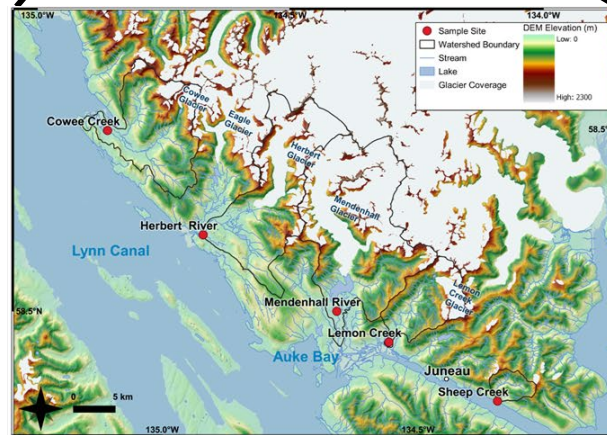
Glacier coverage  
~365 km<sup>2</sup>

Annual freshwater  
discharge  
~4 km<sup>3</sup>/yr

## Kachemak



## Lynn Canal



# Research Goal 1



**Characterize the hydrological and biogeochemical dynamics of rivers along a glacial to non-glacial watershed gradient and their linkages to coastal oceanography.**

Speakers:

- Lee Ann Munk and Jordan Jenckes
- Flash talks: Jason Fellman, Zac Redman



# Summary of Research Results and Products: Goal 1

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- Watershed classification predicts streamflow regime and organic carbon dynamics in the Northeast Pacific Coastal Temperate Rainforest. *Global Biogeochemical Cycles*, 36: e2021GB007047. <https://doi.org/10.1029/2021GB007047>, 2022.
- Hydroclimate drives seasonal terrestrial export across a gradient of glacierized high-latitude coastal catchments. *Water Resources Research*, revised and resubmitted.
- Glacier runoff influences biogeochemistry and resource availability in coastal temperate rainforest streams: Implications for juvenile salmon growth. *Limnology and Oceanography*, in review.
- Characterization of geochemical weathering regimes across the Gulf of Alaska Watershed. *JGR Earth Surface*, in prep.
- The influence of glacial-fed freshwater fluxes on the coastal waters of the Gulf of Alaska. *Marine and Freshwater Research/Journal of Marine Systems*, in prep.
- Contribution of fresh coastal groundwater discharge to the Gulf of Alaska. *Water Resources Research*, in prep.
- Proglacial lakes create a new paradigm of concentration discharge relationships. *Hydrologic Processes*, in prep.

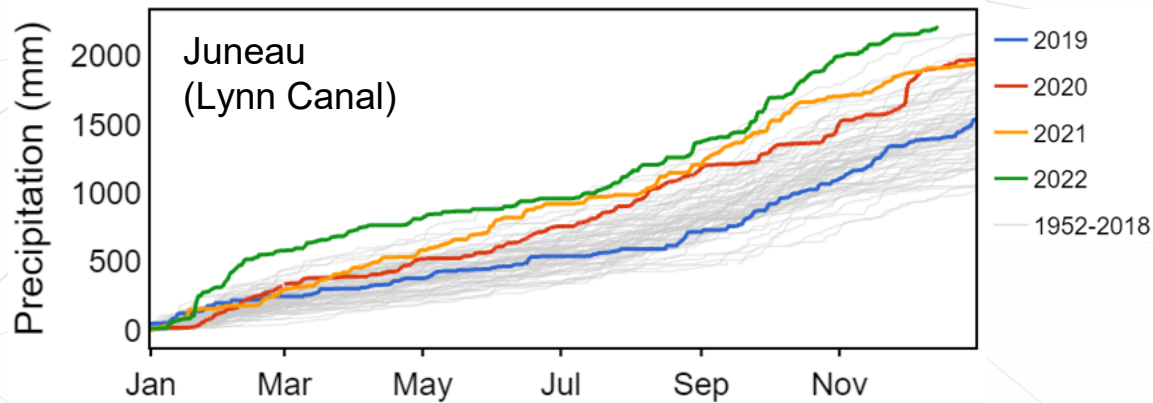
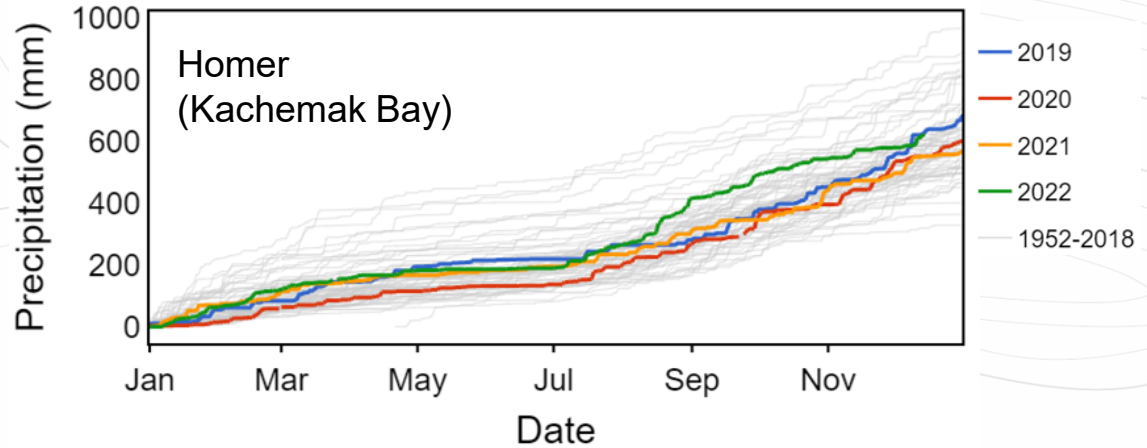
# Coastal Margins Stream Work Results

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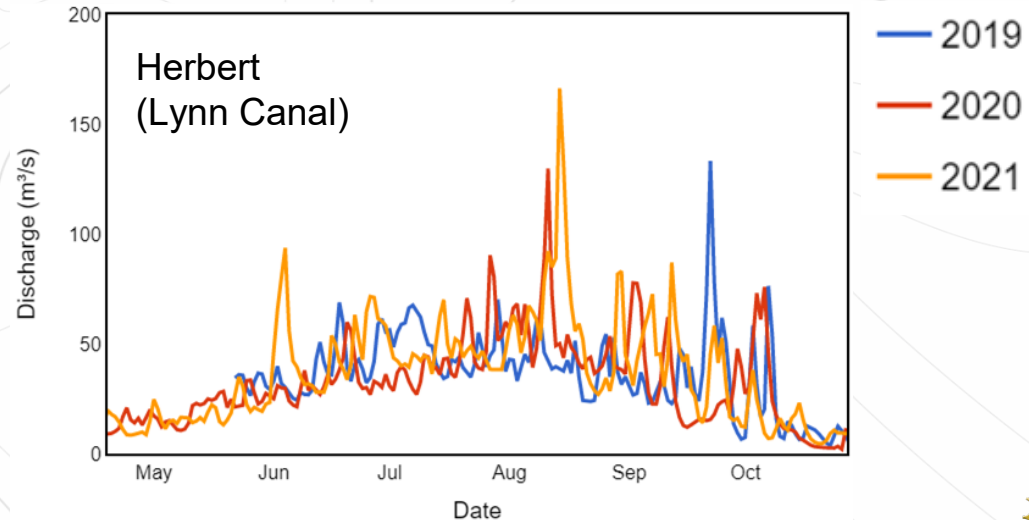
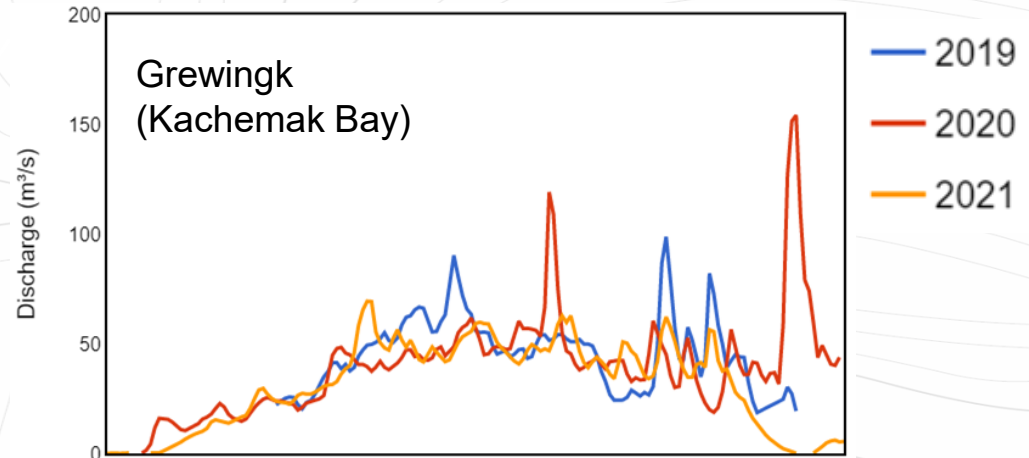
## Precipitation: 2019-2022

- Juneau receives far greater precipitation than Homer
- Over the 4 yrs of study:
  - Homer precipitation fairly normal
  - 2022 record precipitation in Juneau



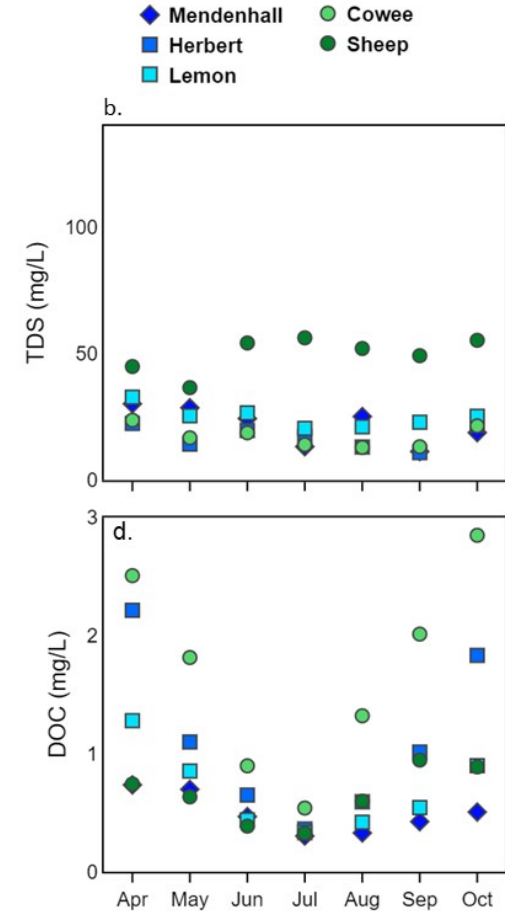
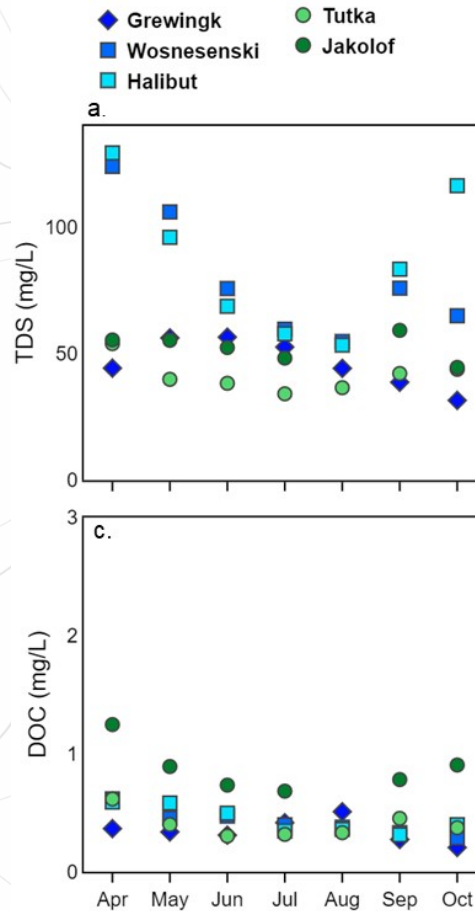
## Stream Discharge

- Heavily glacierized Grewingk (Kachemak Bay) and Herbert (Lynn Canal)
- Spring and summer discharge driven by snow and glacier melt
- Rain events drive flashy stream flow
  - More common in Lynn Canal



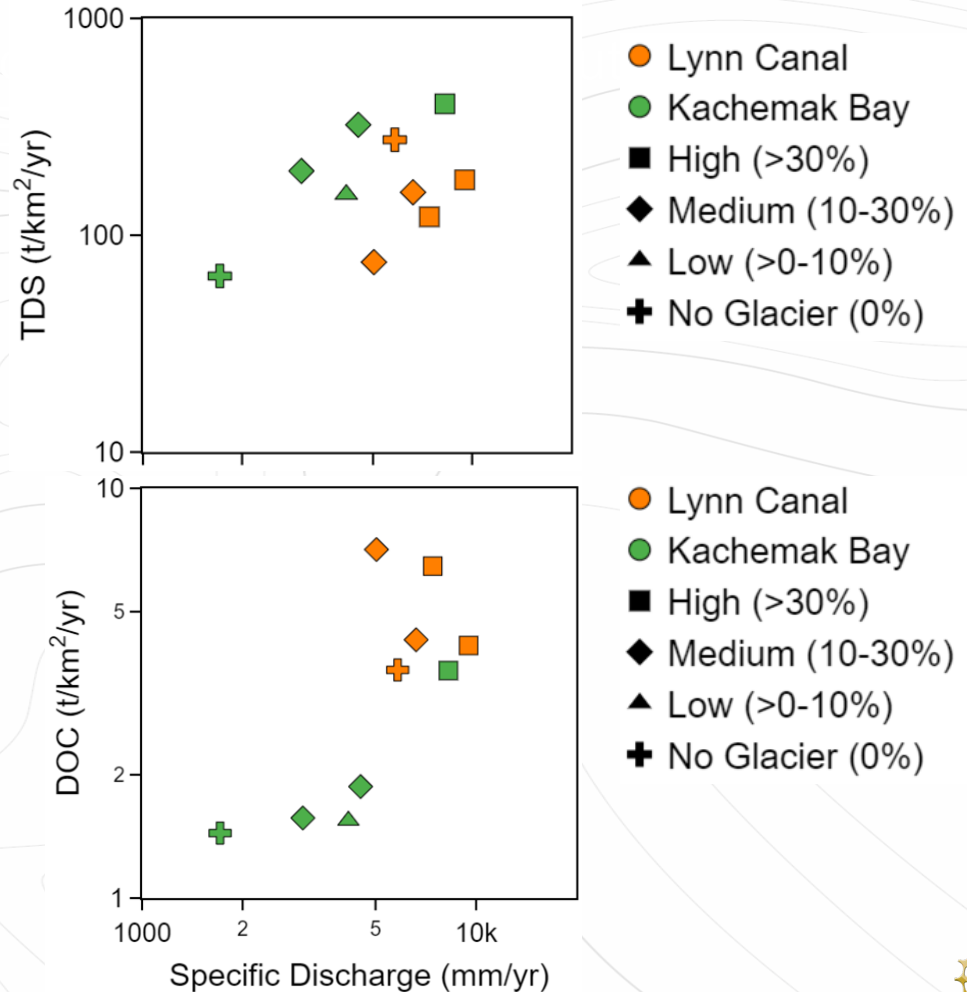
## Seasonal variability of inorganic and organic solutes

- On average inorganic solute concentrations (TDS) elevated in Kachemak Bay
- On average dissolved organic carbon (DOC) elevated in Lynn Canal
- Similar seasonal patterns in concentration variation



## Yields of inorganic and organic solutes

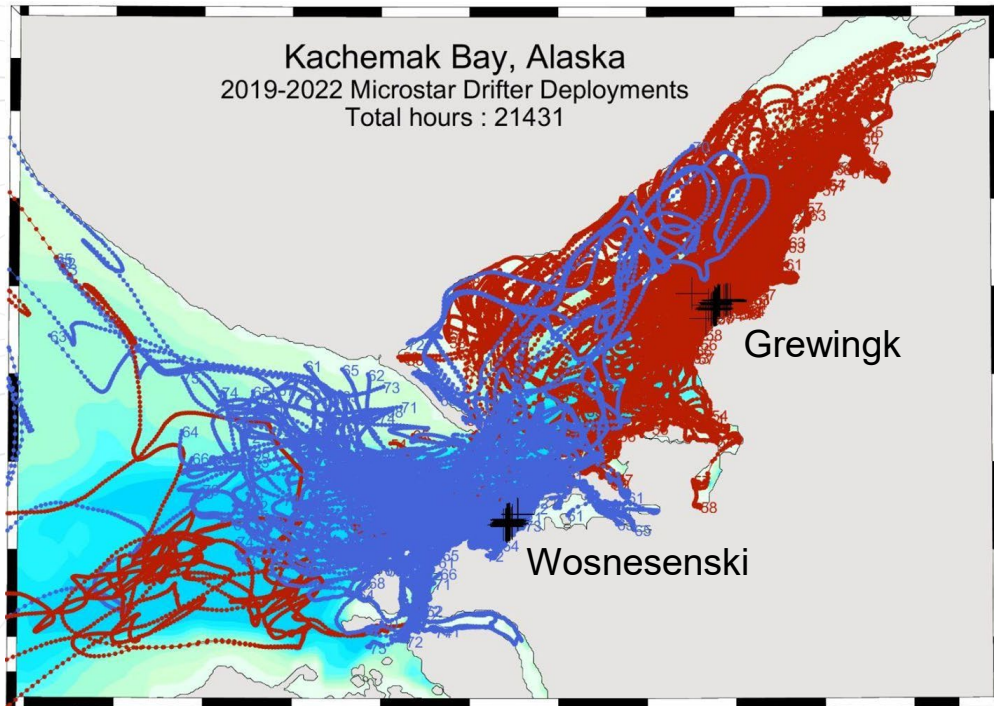
- On average Kachemak Bay TDS yields are elevated compared to Lynn Canal (Sheep is the exception)
- On average Lynn Canal DOC yields are elevated compared to Kachemak Bay
- Driven by differences in climate and watershed characteristics





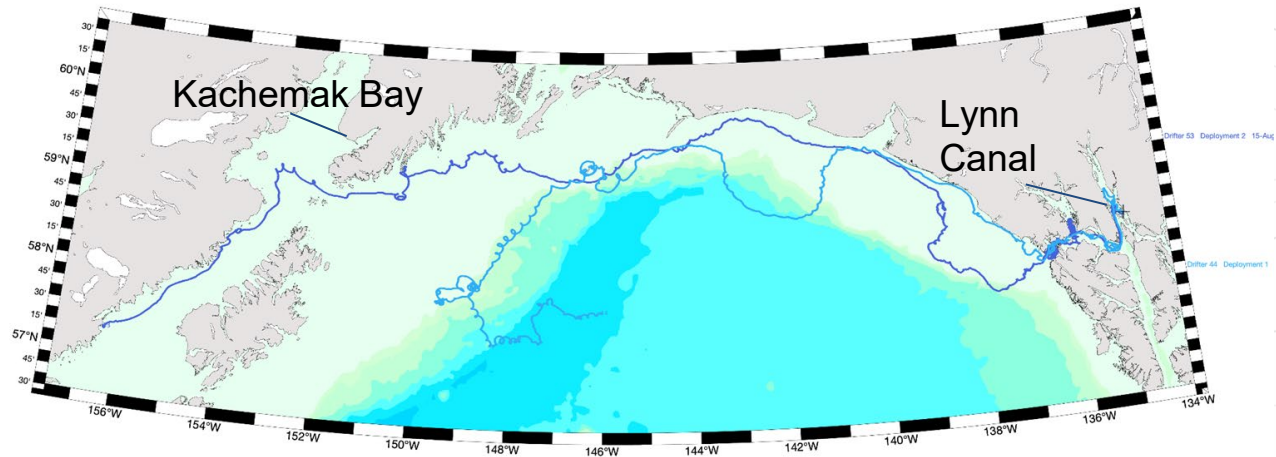
## Drifter deployment results: 2019-2022 Kachemak Bay

- Data acquisition and analysis by Mark Johnson. Field work led by Brenda Konar and her crew.
- Deployments at Grewingk and Wosnesenski
- Freshwater from Wosnesenski limited impact on freshwater budget to inner Bay



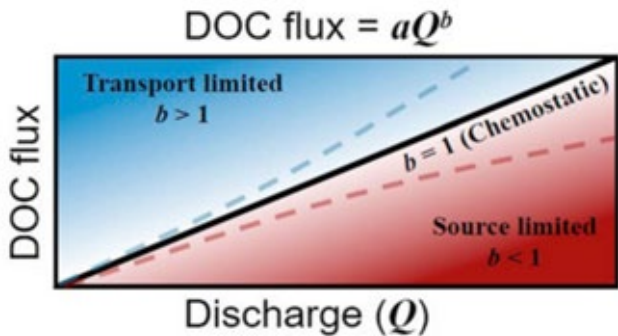
## Drifter deployment results: Lynn Canal deployments

- Trajectories from deployments in Lynn Canal shows that Alaska SE is oceanographically connected to all the Gulf coast, including Cook Inlet where the pathway veers north into Lower Cook Inlet.
- Combined with other data, it shows that fluid parcels, or larvae for example, could be transported from Southeast to Kachemak Bay.

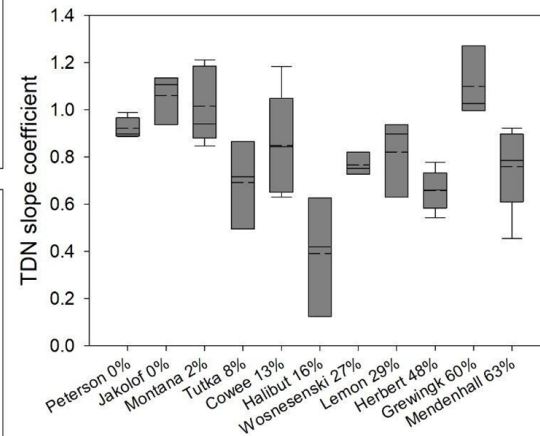
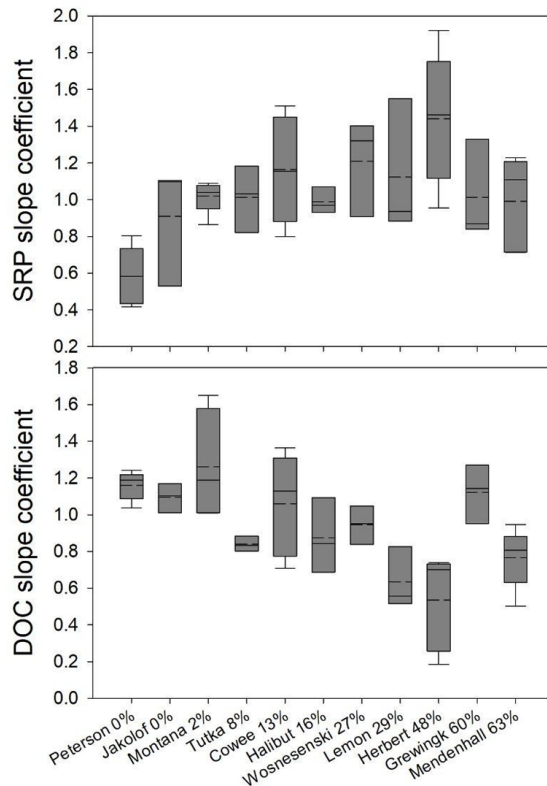


04-Feb-2022 15:26:37 / EPSCoR/Matlab/Programs/ChartTrajectoriesLynnCanalAllDeployments.m majohnson@alaska.edu

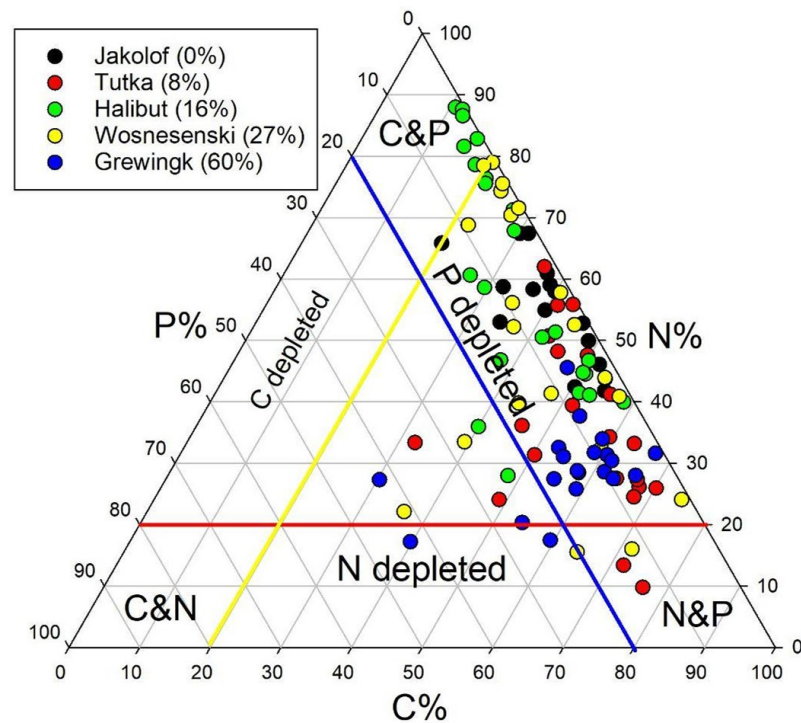
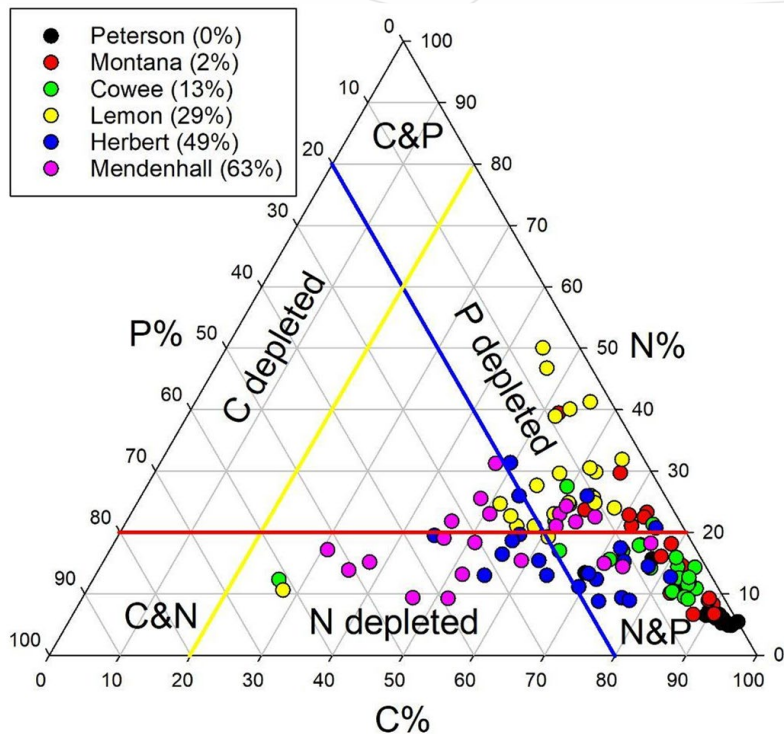
# Source/runoff generating mechanisms identify generalizable patterns across regions



Conceptual model showing how an empirically derived DOC power function exponent ( $b$ ) describes transport limitation, chemostasis, and source limitation of DOC production in watersheds.



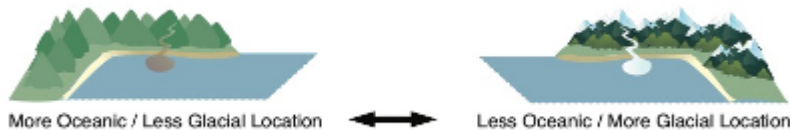
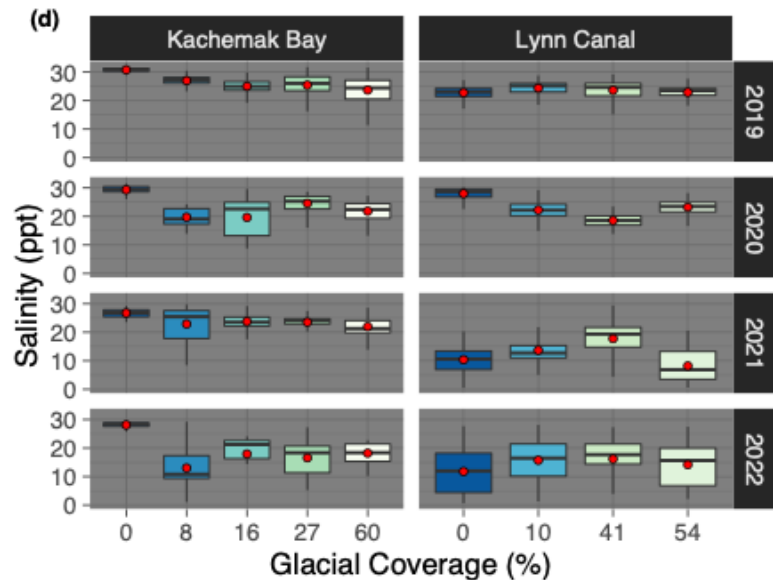
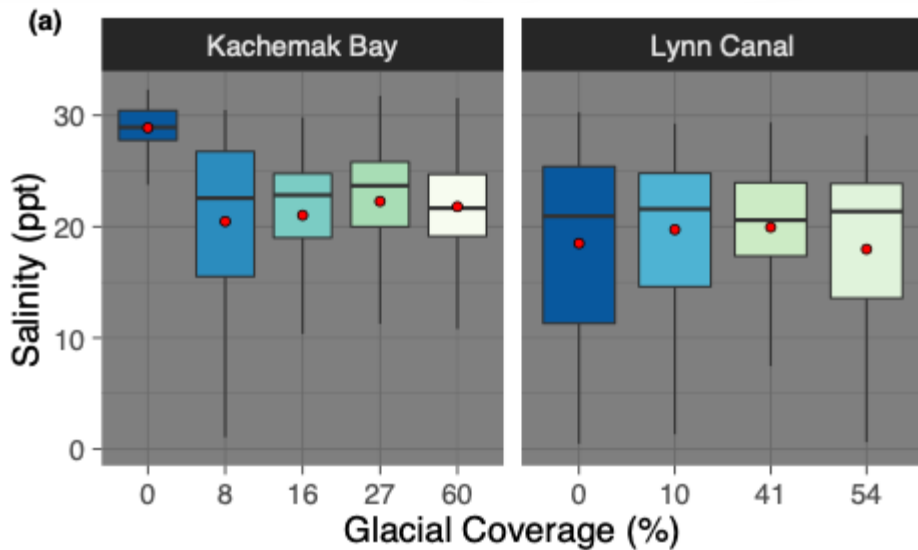
# Heterotrophic nutrient assimilation using riverine stoichiometry - 68C:14N:1P



Source-runoff generating mechanisms are similar but the relative proportions are different



# Freshening with increasing glacial coverage in Kachemak Bay and through time

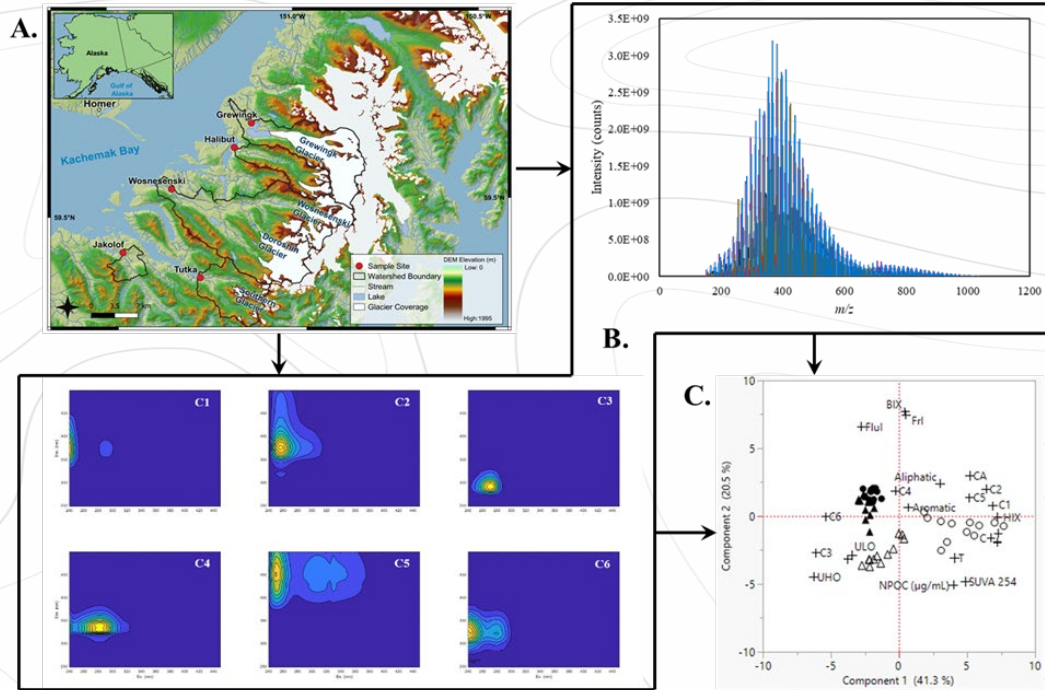


# Molecular Characterization of Seasonal Dissolved Organic Matter Exports in Kachemak Bay

**Objective 1.** Characterize the seasonal variability of dissolved organic matter composition in waters feeding into Kachemak Bay.

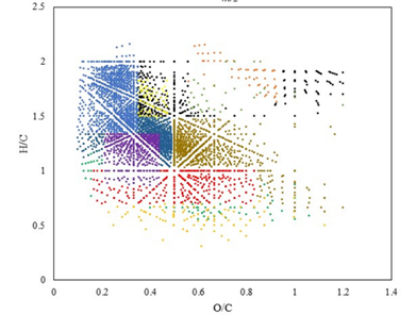
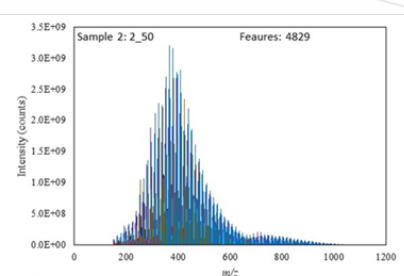
**Objective 2.** Determine the influence of watershed glaciation on the molecular composition of dissolved organic matter in waters feeding into Kachemak Bay.

**Objective 3.** Identify compositional differences and similarities between dissolved organic matter in ground and surface water entering Kachemak Bay.



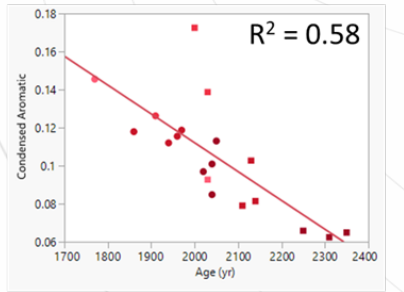
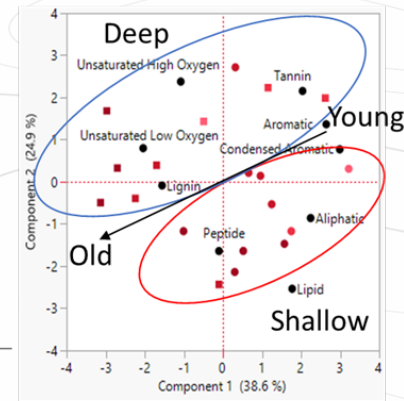
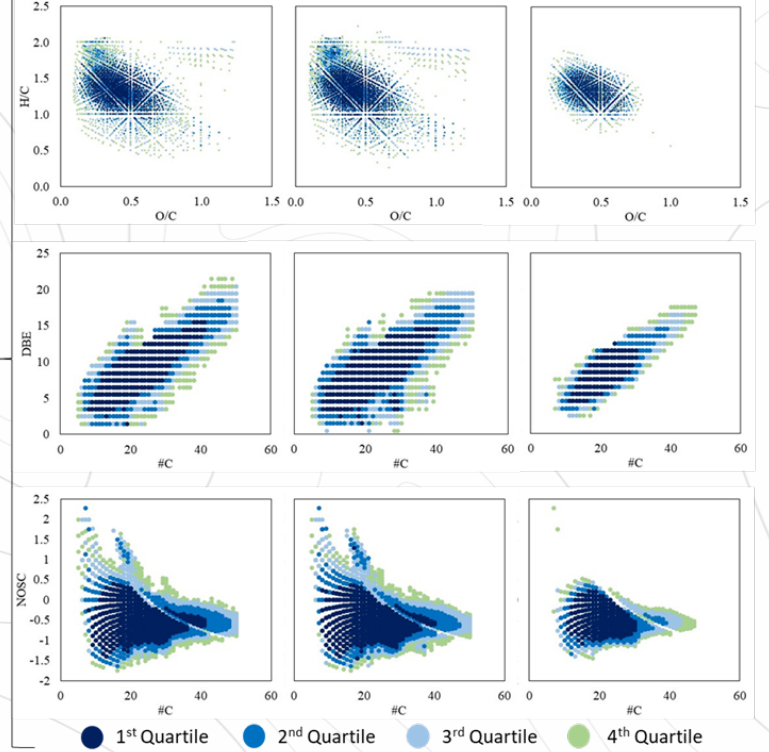
We will collect samples from streams and groundwater in Kachemak Bay, Alaska (A) such that DOM fluorescence and mass spectral character (B) can be used to assess the seasonal variability of carbon source and bioavailability over a gradient of watershed glaciation (C).

# HRMS Analysis Reveals Molecular Level Trends in DOM Composition in Baffin Bay



- Aliphatic
- Aromatic
- Carbohydrate
- Lipid
- Tannin
- Unsaturated Low Oxygen
- Amino sugar
- Condensed Aromatic
- Lignin
- Peptide
- Unsaturated High Oxygen

a. Deep, 71°N, 2350 yrs. b. Shallow, 65°N, 1770 yrs. c. Difference, 1837 features



# Research Goal 2



**Quantify biological responses of nearshore marine organisms to varying physical and chemical conditions along the glacial to non-glacial gradient.**

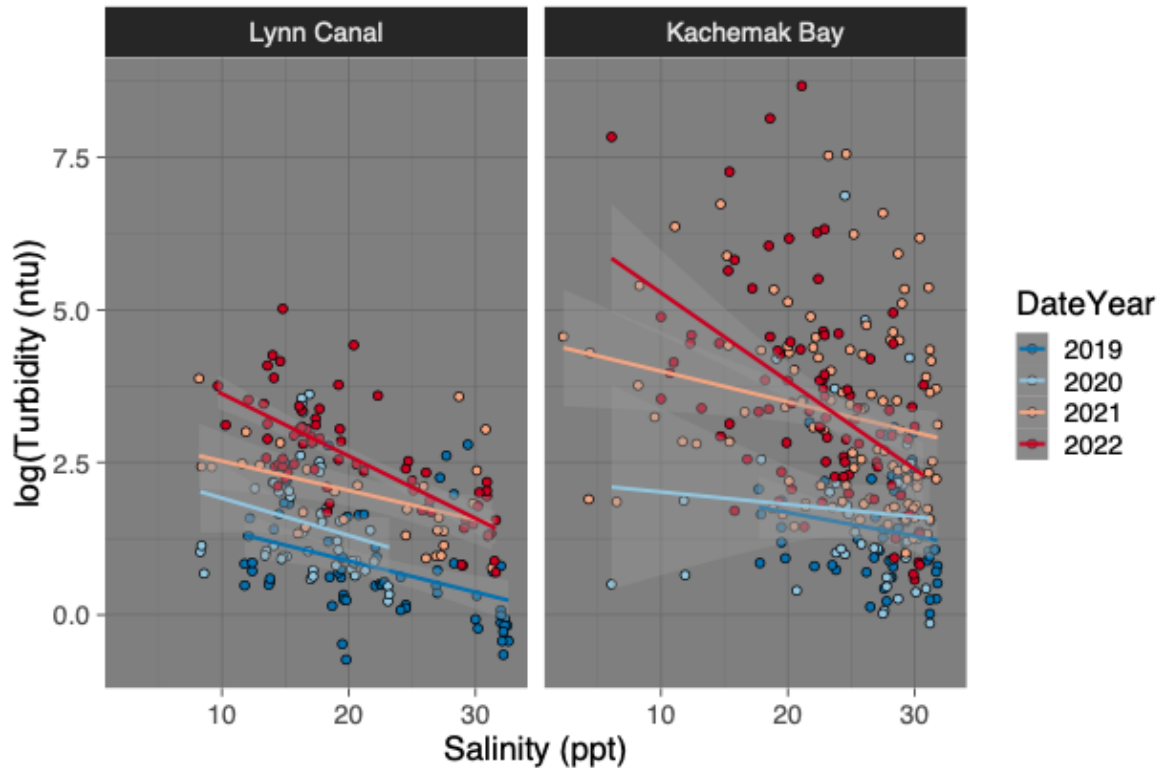
- Speaker: Julie Schram
- Flash talks: Maddi McArthur, Maris Goodwin, Brian Ulaski

# Summary of Research Results and Products: Goal 2

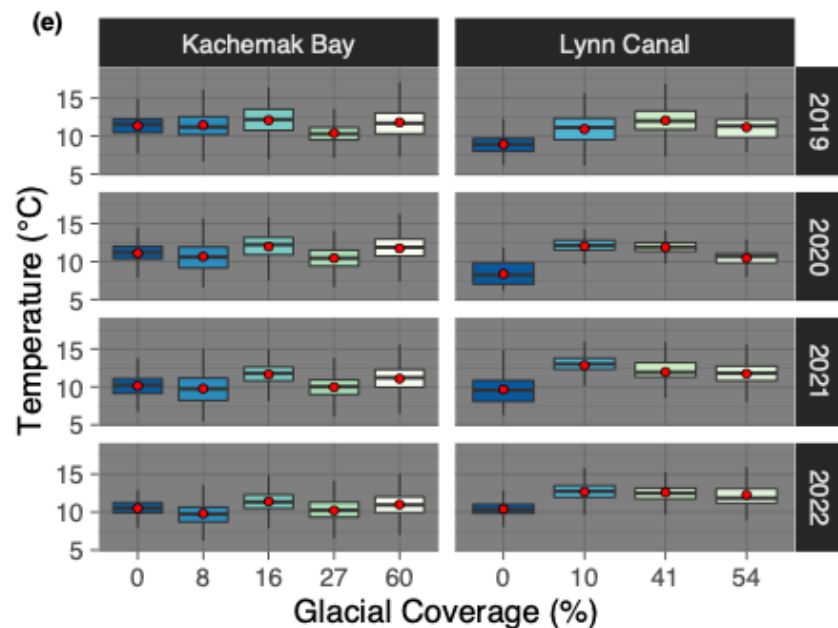
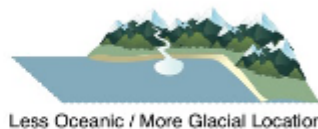
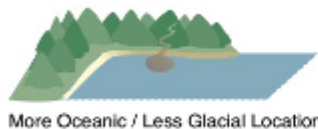
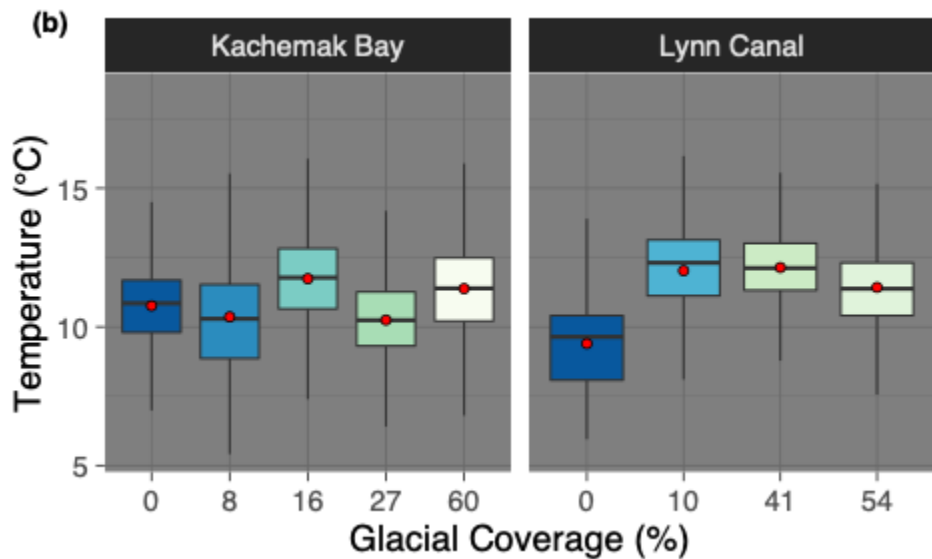
- Papers in press:
  - LaBarre, A, Konar, B. and K. Iken. *Environmental influence on size frequency distributions of the Pacific Blue Mussel (Mytilus trossulus) in two glacially influenced estuaries*. Coasts and Estuaries.
  - Hamm, G, S Gabara, P Chase, B Konar, S Umanzor. *Effects of Glacial Input on the Performance of Pacific Blue Mussel, Mytilus trossulus*
- Submitted:
  - Umanzor, Sandoval-Gil, Conitz, *Ecophysiological responses of the intertidal seaweed Fucus distichus to temperature changes and reduced light driven by tides and glacial input*.
  - Schloemer J, Munk LA, Iken K. *Marine resources, not terrestrial, support nearshore food webs in glacially influenced watersheds in the northern Gulf of Alaska*. FMARS
  - Ulaski B, Sikes, D, Konar B. *Beach-cast and drifting seaweed wrack is an important resource for marine and terrestrial macroinvertebrates in high latitudes*. Marine Environmental Research
- In prep:
  - Alcantar, M., Hetrick, J., Ramsey, J., Kelley, A.L., *Examining the impacts of elevated, variable pCO<sub>2</sub> on larval Pacific razor clams (Siliqua patula) in Alaska*
  - Alcantar, M., Bacus, S., Kelley, A.L., *Characterizing the direct and indirect effects of ocean acidification on juvenile pink salmon (Oncorhynchus gorbuscha)*
  - Bacus, Alcantar, Kelley, Miller. *Species-specific effects of elevated pCO<sub>2</sub> on the basket cockle and littleneck clam in the Gulf of Alaska*



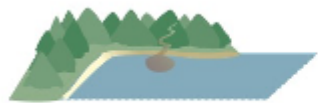
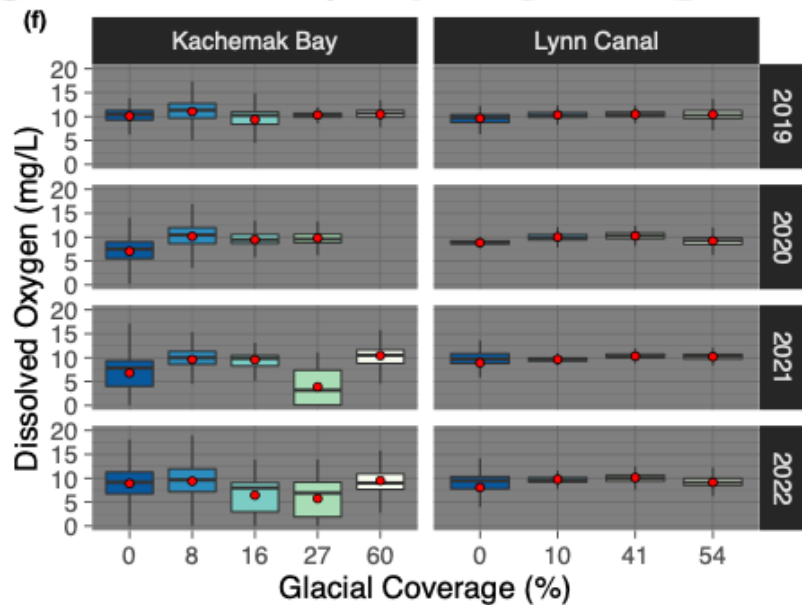
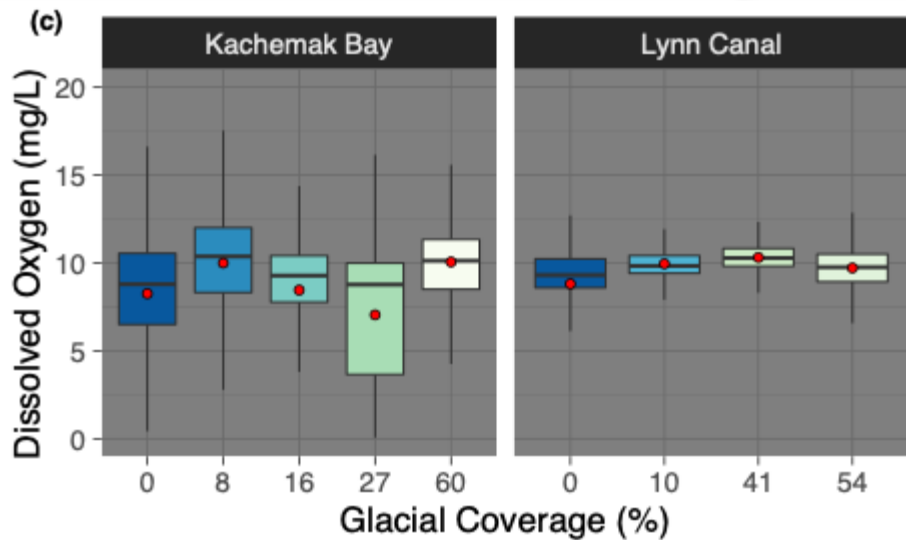
# Fresher water was more turbid, higher in Kachemak Bay



# Warmer seawater with increasing glacial coverage



# Higher dissolved oxygen with increasing glacial coverage

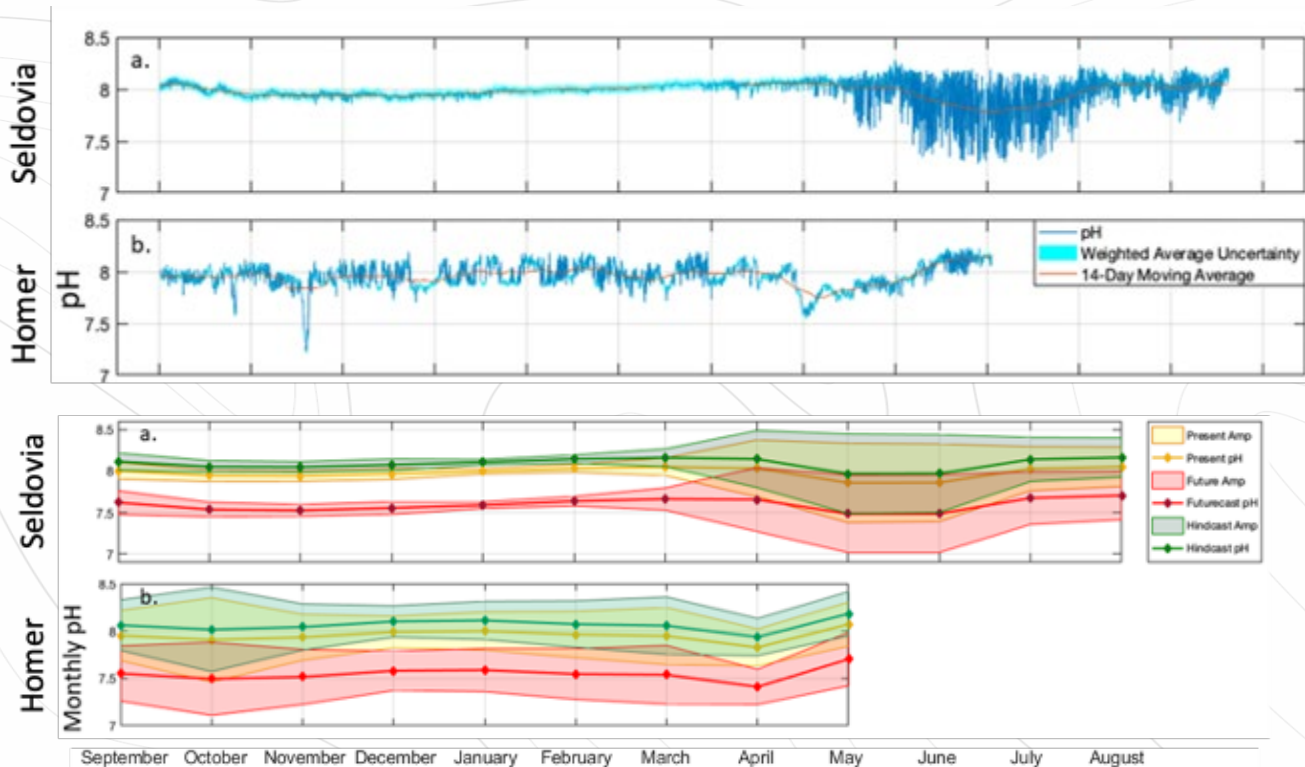


More Oceanic / Less Glacial Location

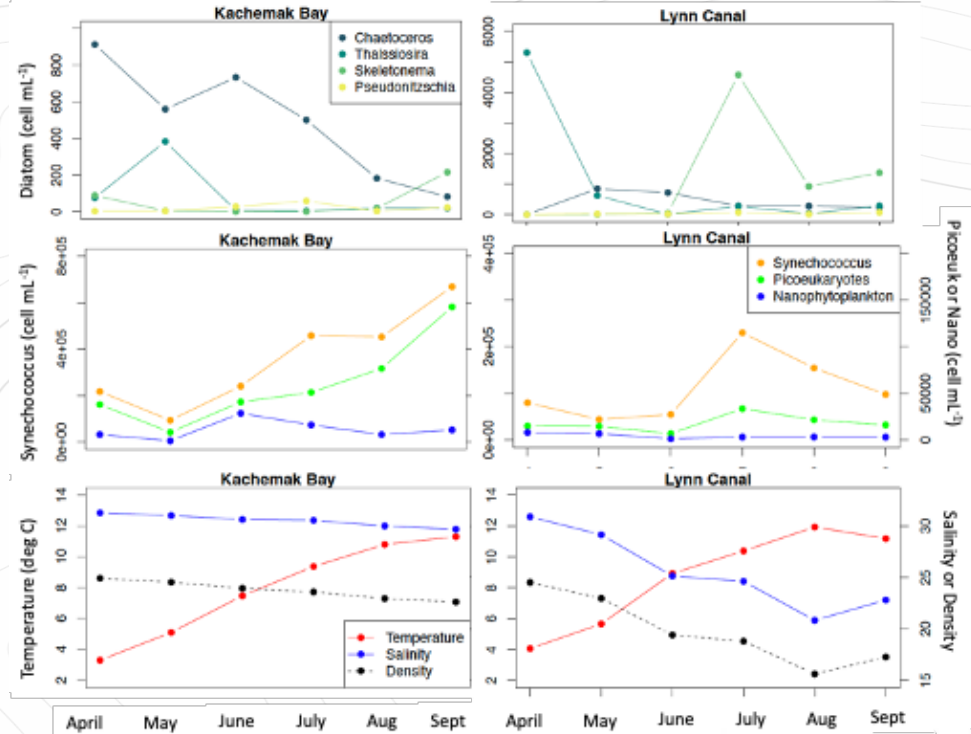
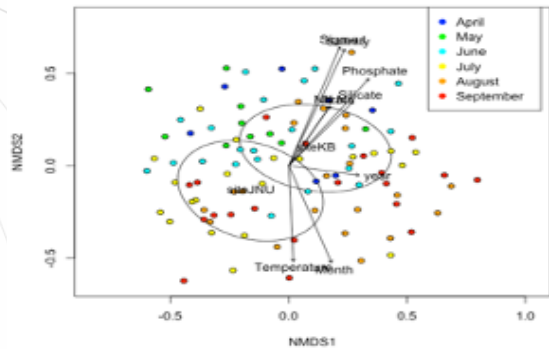
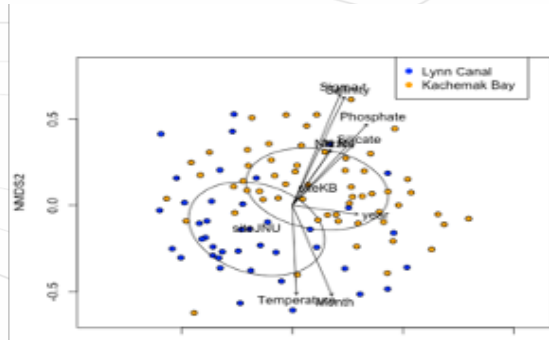


Less Oceanic / More Glacial Location

# Kachemak Bay pH dynamics and hind/futurecast model RCP 8.5

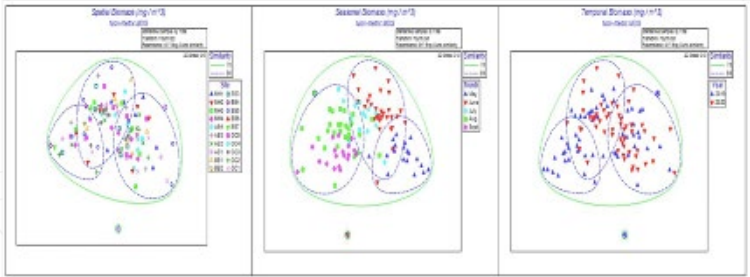
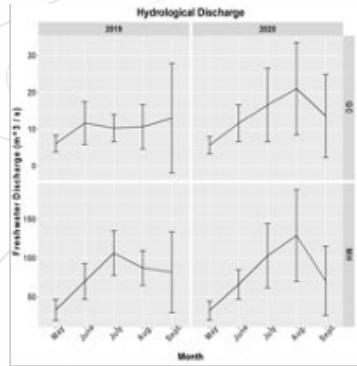
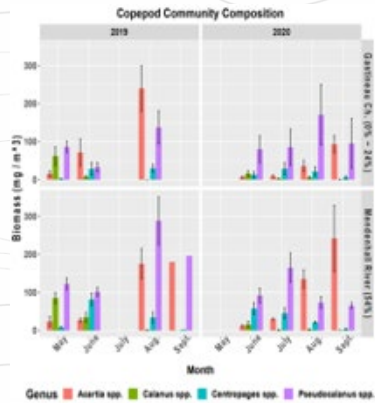
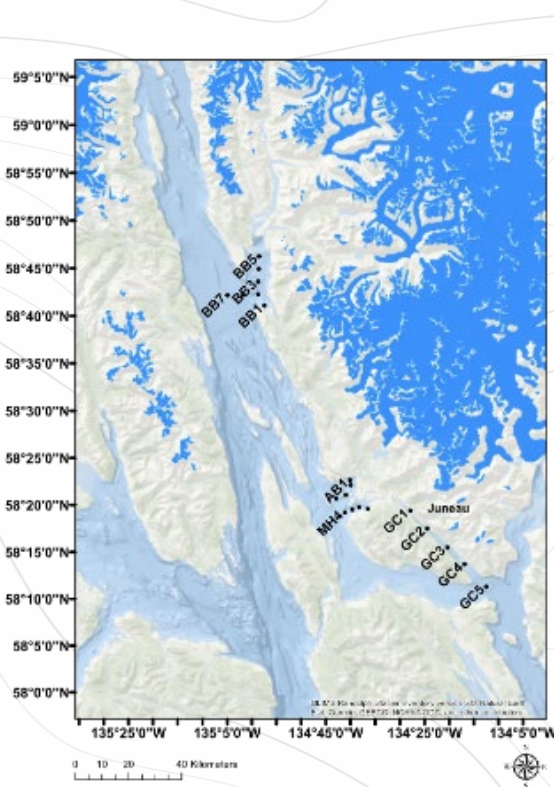


# Microbial community shifts correlate with temperature, salinity and nutrients





# Spatial, seasonal, and interannual variability of copepod communities.



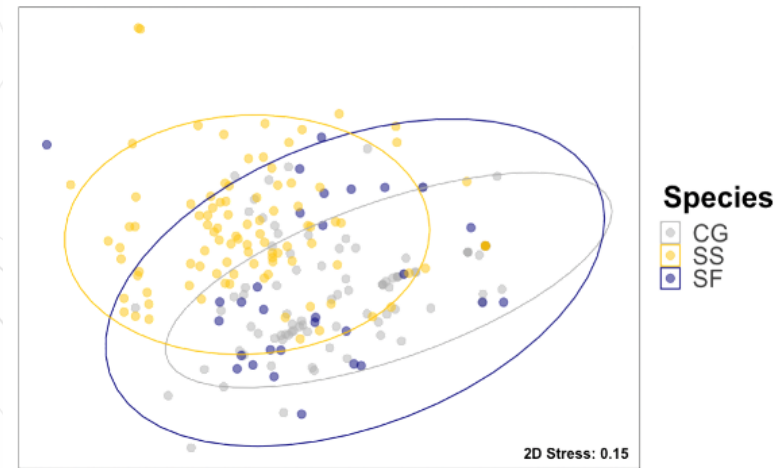
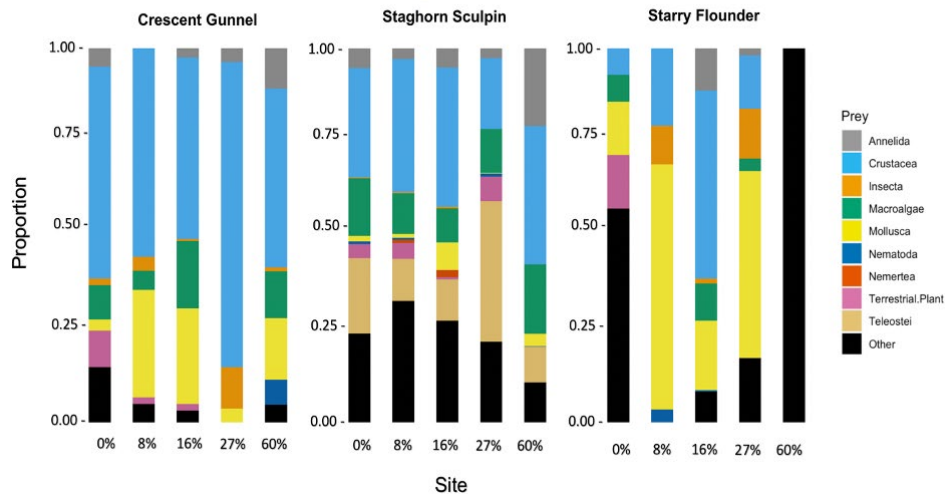
Spatial:  $p = 0.207$

Seasonal:  $p = 0.001$

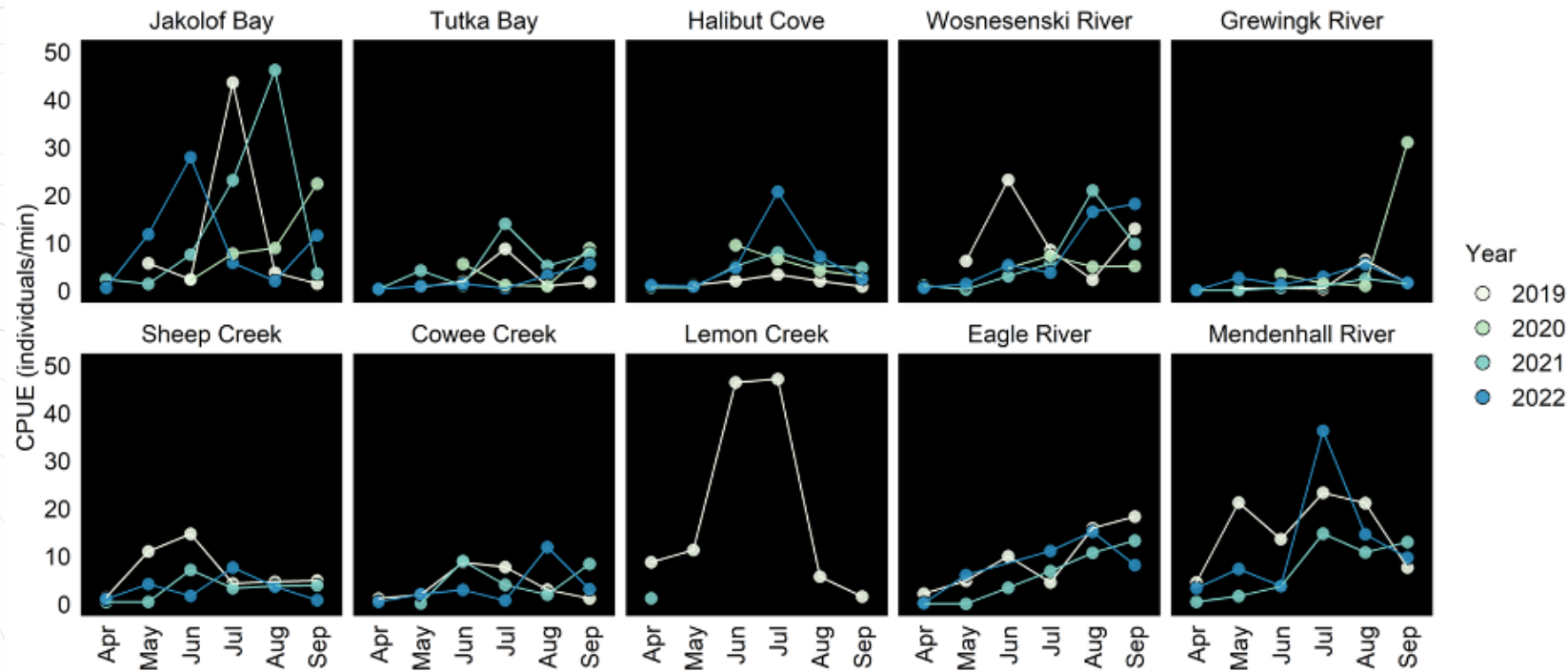
Interannual:  $p = 0.001$

# Trophic resource use of nearshore fishes in glacially influenced systems

Do various fish species have similar patterns in diet across watersheds?



# Fish catch per unit effort (CPUE) across the glacial gradient

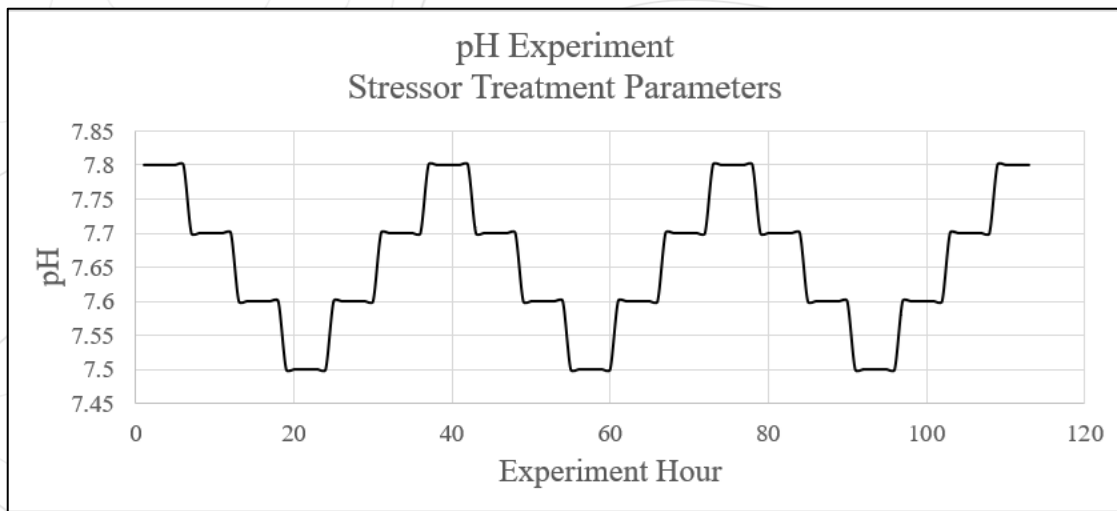


# Is mussel attachment strength impacted by intermittent exposure to low pH?



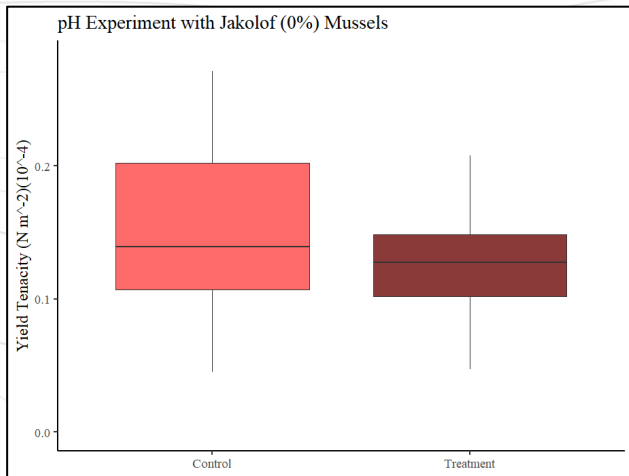
Goal:

Conduct controlled experiments to determine how mussel attachment strength is affected by detrimental pH values, while mimicking the natural variability of nearshore pH

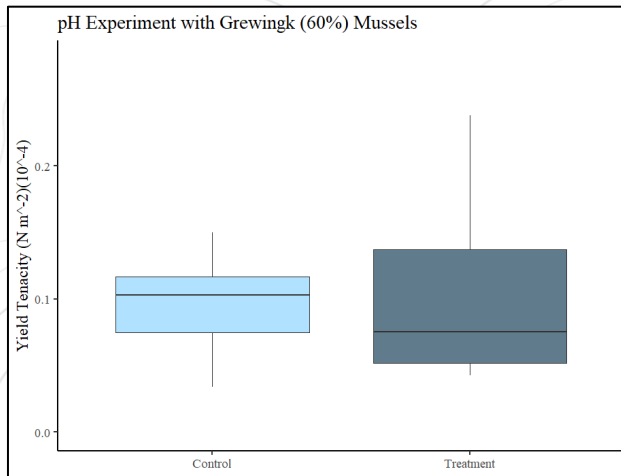


Mussels collected from Jakolof (0%) and Grewingk (60%)

# Is mussel attachment strength impacted by intermittent exposure to low pH?



Jakolof (0%) mussels: no significant difference between control and treatment (Wilcoxon,  $p=0.49$ ).



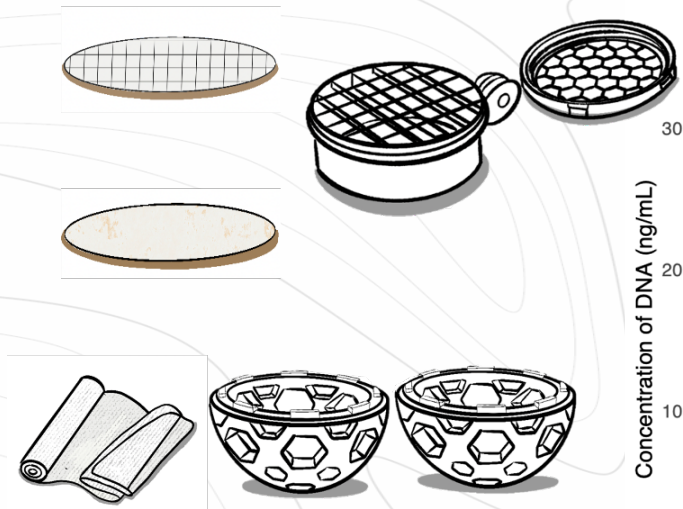
Grewingk (60%) mussels: no significant difference between control and treatment (Wilcoxon,  $p=0.36$ ).

It appears that mussel attachment strength is unaffected by intermittent exposure to low pH.

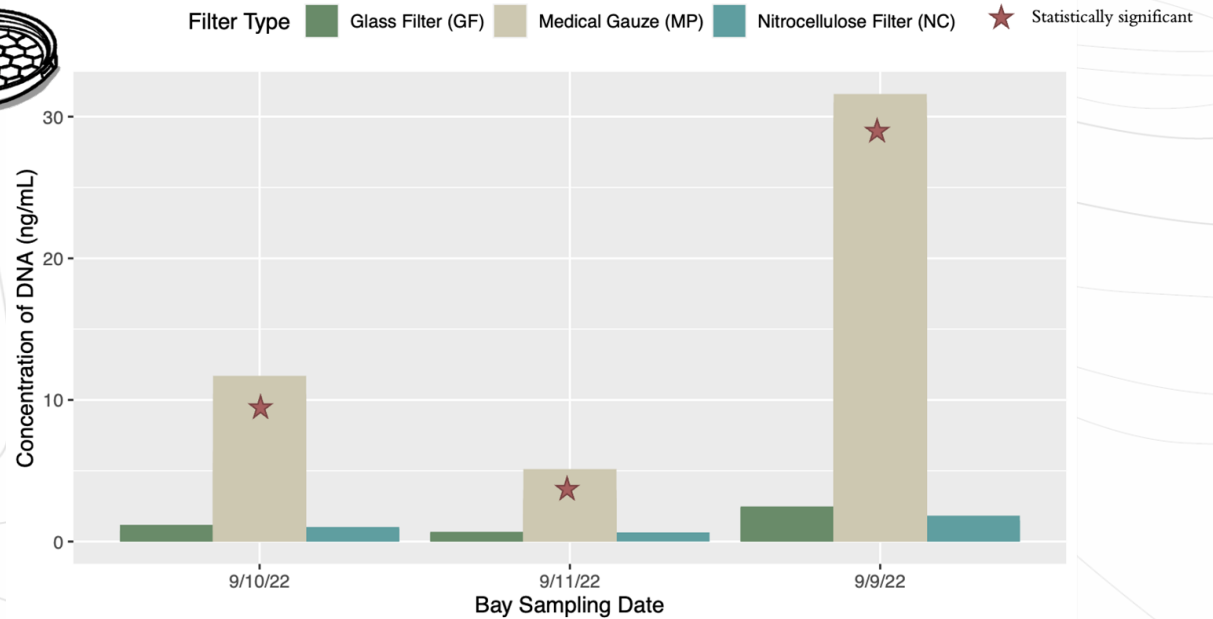




# Passive eDNA sampler as a citizen science tool



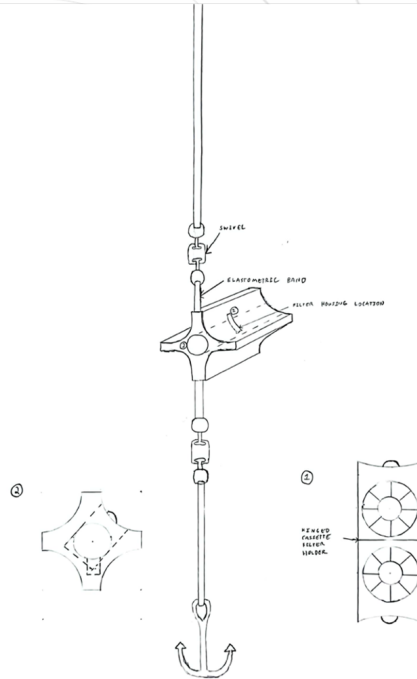
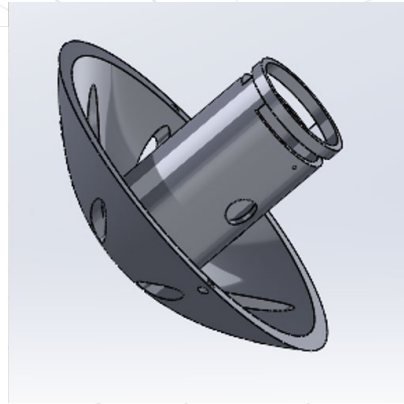
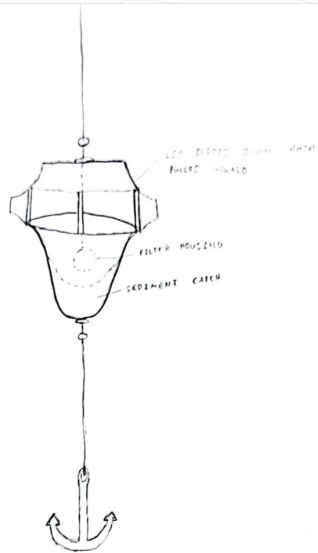
Qubit Results: Bay



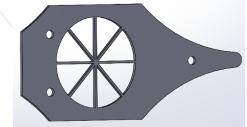
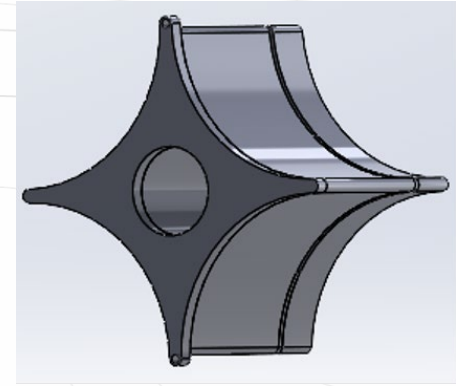
# Most Recent Prototypes

Designed By : Andrew Wilson and George Deal

## Sediment Cup



## Current Alignment



# Is seaweed wrack an important resource for macroinvertebrates in a glacial estuary?

Seaweeds are **foundation species**, even when cast ashore as **wrack**.

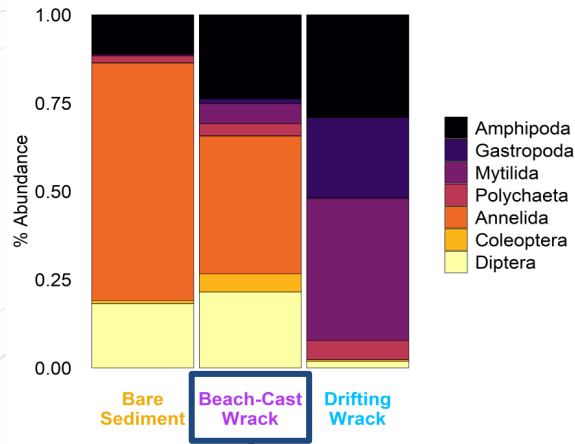
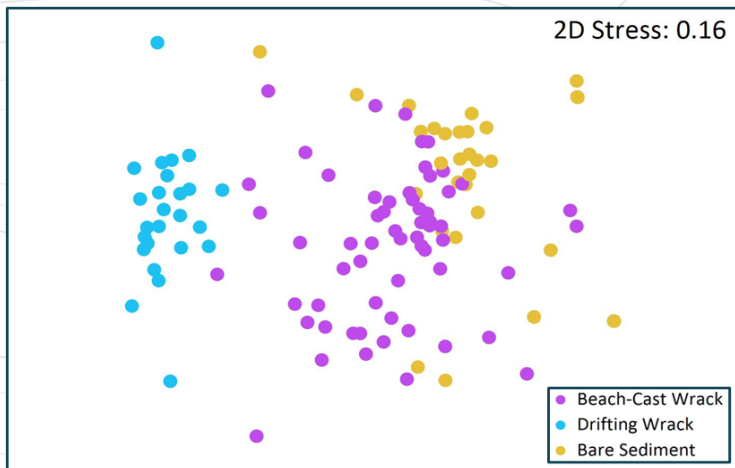
The State of Alaska sets **regulations** for aquatic plant harvesting, including wrack.



Characterize wrack-associated **invertebrate communities**.

Monthly **field surveys** and controlled **lab experiments** in Kachemak Bay.

# Is seaweed wrack an important resource for macroinvertebrates in a glacial estuary?

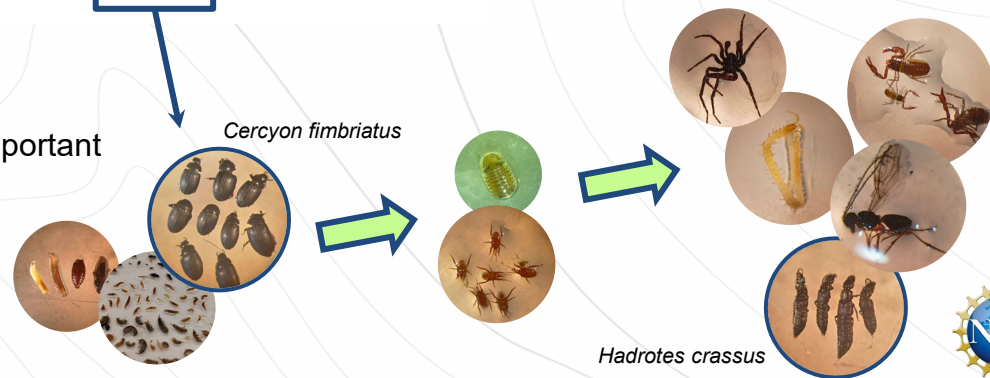


88 taxa from 40,000+ specimens.

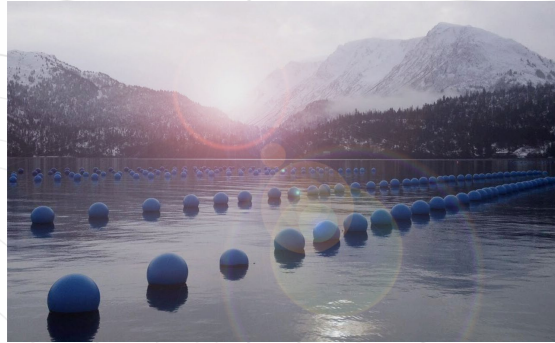
Ecological succession.

Management implications.

**Biomass** and **tidal height** of the wrack line are the most important drivers of macroinvertebrate diversity and abundance.



# Research Goal 3



**Understand potential responses of coastal resource users to current changes and anticipated future shifts in nearshore marine resources.**

Speakers:

- Flash talk: Emma Kimball



# FISHERS' OBSERVATIONS OF CHANGE

## Changes in Salmon Stressors

	Juneau	Homer
Smaller fish	x	x
Fewer fish	x	x
Straying	x	
Behavior changes		x

### Interviews

- 36 fishers in Juneau and Homer
- Average 42 years fishing
- 20 institutional representatives

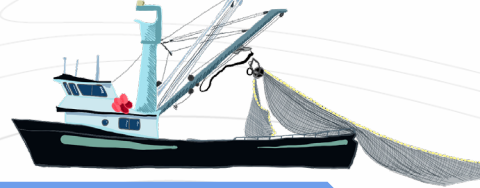
## Environmental Changes

	Juneau	Homer
Warmer ocean	x	x
Warmer weather	x	x
Receding glaciers	x	x
Drought	x	x
More sea otters	x	x
More rain	x	
Isostatic rebound	x	
Flooding	x	
More whales	x	

## Co-occurring

	Juneau	Homer
Fish price changes	x	x
Boat and permit cost	x	x
Management changes	x	x
Management politics	x	x
User groups	x	x
1964 earthquake		x
1989 Exxon Valdez spill		x
Processor changes		x
Cruise ship pollution	x	

# ADAPTIVE STRATEGIES



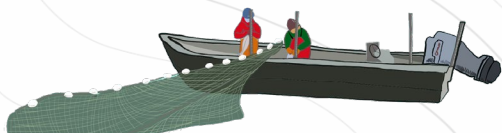
## Fishers' adaptive strategies

- Change gear
- Change fishing location
- Alter fishing strategies
- Additional jobs
- Portfolio diversification
- Participate in organizations

## Institutional adaptive strategies

- Habitat conservation & protection
- Flexibility in operating procedures
- Monitoring and long-term planning
- Collaboration
- Communication technology

- Fishers are noticing environmental changes, but co-occurring stressors may pose greater near-term challenges
- Salmon fishers are adaptable, taking advantage of opportunities and responding to stressors.
- Local institutions work in various capacities and are aware of stressors affecting commercial salmon fisheries



# Research Goal 4 – Update/Summary



**Hire and train researchers and share results with academic audiences and stakeholders.**

Speaker: Lee Ann Munk

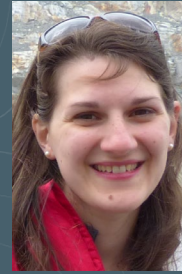
## Hires and Student Participation

- All faculty and postdoc hires complete
- 25 undergraduate students and 25 graduate students employed over course of project (as of June 2021)

### Faculty Hires



Julie  
Schram  
UAS



Gwenn  
Hennon  
UAF



Jessica  
Glass  
UAF

### Postdoc Hires



Scotty  
Gabara  
UAF



Remi  
Pages  
UAF



Brian  
Ulaski  
UAF

# Core Students

## Human Dimensions



Emma  
Kimball  
UAA



Karen  
Grosskreutz  
UAF

## Stream Team



Jordan  
Jenckes  
UAA/UAF

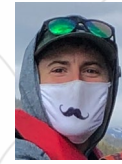


Croix  
Fylpaa  
UAS

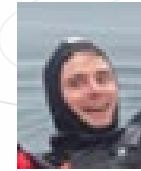
## Environment



Josie  
Haag  
UAF



Jim  
Schloemer  
UAF



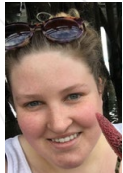
Jamie  
Currie  
UAF

## Plankton



Alex  
Knobloch  
UAF

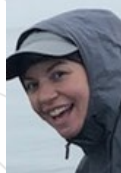
## Invertebrates/Algae



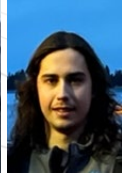
Marrina  
Washburn  
Alcanter  
UAF



Shelby  
Bacus  
UAF



Amy  
Dowling  
LaBarre  
UAF



Jonah  
Jossert  
UAF



Grace  
Hamm  
UAS



Maddi  
McArthur  
UAF



Mary  
McCabe  
UAF



Jennifer  
Tustin  
UAF

## Fish



Maris  
Goodwin  
UAF



Nina  
Lundstrom  
UAF



Lindsey  
Stadler  
UAF





# Comprehensive list of all undergrad and grad students involved in Coastal Margins

## Graduate Students:

Nina Lundstrom	Alex Knobloch	Jesse Gordon
Lindsey Stadler	Chris Guo	Carolyn Hamman
Maris Goodwin	Rebecca Cates	Courtney Hart
Mary McCabe	Matt Calahan	Croix Fylpaa
Amy Dowling	Liza Hasan	Cameron Kuhl
Jordan Jenckes	Emily Reynolds	
Jim Schloemer	Mack Hughes	Jennifer Tustin
Josie Haag	Maddi McArthur	Grace Hamm
James Curry	Lauren Sutton	Tibor Dorsaz
Jonah Jossert	Katie Corliss	Brian Zhang
Emma Kimball	Sydney Wilkenson	Emily Williamson
Karen Grosskreutz	Danielle Seigert	Brianne Visaya
Marina Alcantar	Brian Ulaski	Andrew Scotti
Shelby Bacus	Hannah Myers	Michael Kim
	Will Samuel	Preslee Chase
	Drew Porter	Amy Baxter

## Undergraduate Students:

Samantha Allen	Ezra Grey
Randy Brannan	Skye Hart
Naomi Muehleck	Noah Khalsa
Spencer Gunter	Muriel Dittrich
Donovan Varelman	Mollie Dwyer
Amelia Tamone	Lucy Franklin
Kenedy Williams	Kyah Mingo
Sol Martinez	Liam Bogardus
Caitlyn Montalto	Oscar Jones
John Seymour	Matthew Harl
Dustin Horton	Stephanie Driscoll
Amy Jenson	Annie KinCannon
Connor Johnson	Edward Schiff
Hannah Forshee	Madison Bargas
Ricardo Medina-Soler	Kailey Pritzl
Jon Calleja	Alex Tugaw

## Sharing Results and Outreach

- Major presence at national and international conferences
- Papers published (2), in review (7) and in prep (4)
- Meetings with agencies, mariculture groups, public panels

# OCEAN SCIENCES MEETING 2022



## Next Priority: Year 5 Publishing Plans

- Focus on synthesis manuscript submission
- Student project and thesis wrap-up
- Data finalization and publication
- Continue stakeholder engagement





## Year 5: Stakeholder Engagement

- Alaska Forum on the Environment, holding a panel discussion
- AMSS booth at poster session for highlighting project
- Research presentations at local and national meetings





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Tonight!**



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