

FORMAL PROJECT APPROVAL

Name of Project: Auke Lake Way Corridor Improvements & Reconstruction

Location of Project: UAS Juneau Campus

Project Number: 2006-28

Date of Request: December 2010

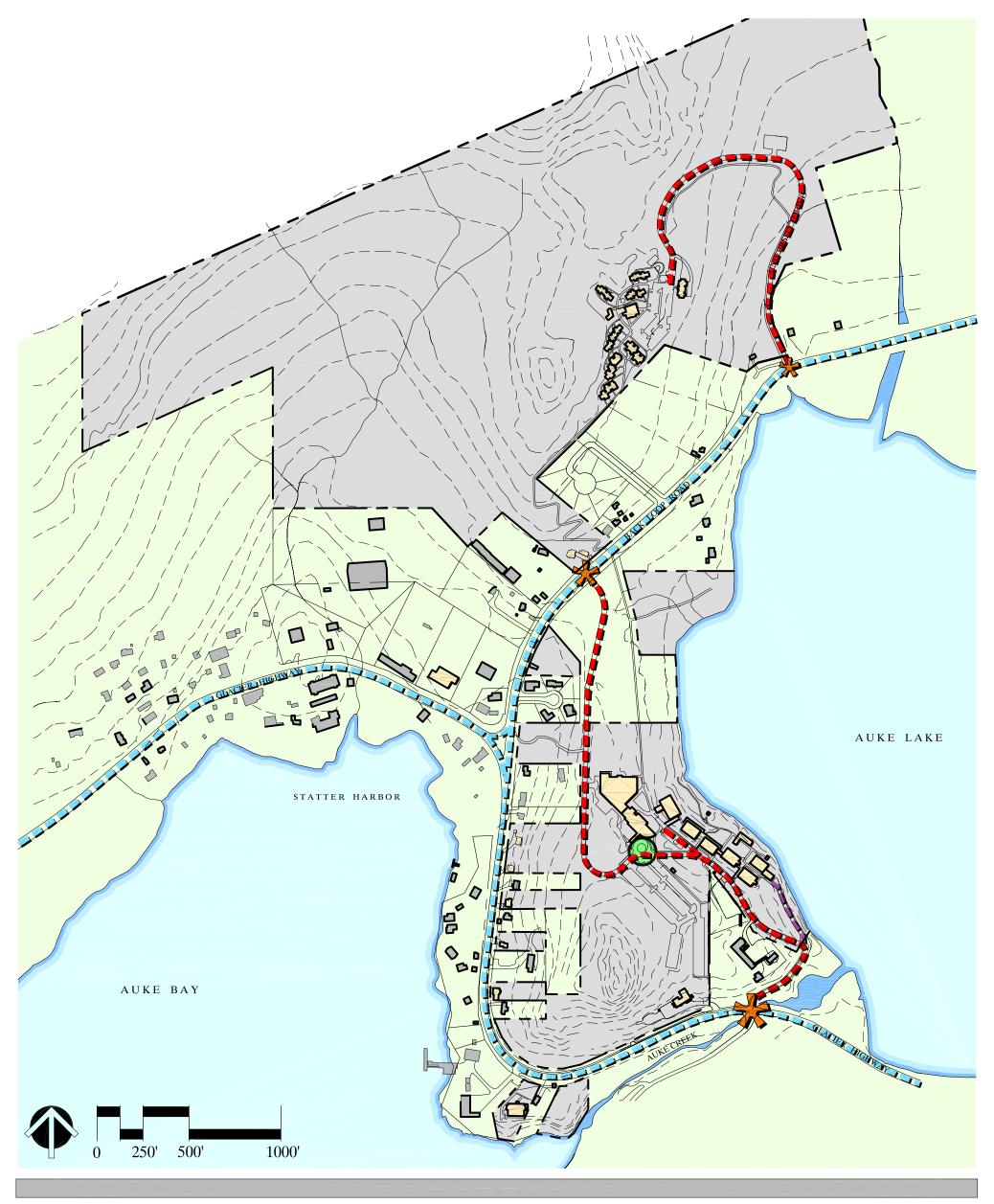
Total Project Cost: \$ 4,300,000

Approval Required: Formal Project Approval

Reference Materials:

One page budget Vehicle circulation map Concept site plan

UNIVERSITY OF ALASKA		
Project Name: Auke Lake Way Reconstruction &	Improvements	
MAU: UAS	-	
Building:	Date:	5/1/2010
Campus: Juneau	Prepared By:	Gerken
Project Title: Auke Lake Way Reconstruction	Account No.:	
Total GSF Affected by Project:	<u> </u>	
PROJECT BUDGET		Original
A. Professional Services		
Consultant Basic Services	12.0%	382,000
Construction Phase Services	3.0%	96,000
Site Survey		15,000
Plan Review / Permits		25,000
Professional Services Subtotal		518,000
B. Construction		
General Contractor		3,186,000
Construction Contingency 10.0%		319,000
Art 1.0%		35,000
Construction Subtotal		3,540,000
Construction Cost per GSF		N/A
C. Equipment and Furnishings		
Other Furnishings		
Make Ready/Move In		
Equipment and Furnishings Subtotal		-
D. Administrative Costs		
Temporary relocation costs		
Project Management 6.0%		243,000
Administrative Costs Subtotal		243,000
E. Total Project Cost		4,301,000





CAMPUS CIRCULATION

NON-CAMPUS CIRCULATION

CAMPUS SERVICE CIRCULATION

ARRIVAL AREA

CAMPUS ENTRY

VEHICULAR CIRCULATION

University of Alaska Southeast Juneau FACH FIRS MASTER BLAN

FACILITIES MASTER PLAN
FEBRUARY 2002

Cuningham Hamilton Quiter, PA Cuningham Group

THE SARATOGA ASSOCIATES

LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTS, ARCHITECTS, ENGINEERS AND PLANNERS, P.C. SARATOGA SPRINGS • NEW YORK CITY • BOSTON



learn · engage · change

2010 Concept

Greenway Concept Refinement







R&M ENGINEERING, INC.

6205 GLACIER HWY. JUNEAU, ALASKA 99801 PHONE: 907-780-6060 FAX: 907-780-4611 E-MAIL: rmengineering@rmjuneau.com

ENGINEERS GEOLOGISTS SURVEYORS

January 6, 2010

University of Alaska Southeast Facilities Services, Planning and Construction 1120 Glacier Highway Juneau, Alaska 99801 Sent Via Email

Attn: Ke Mell, AIA

UAS Project Manager

Re:

UAS Campus Greenway Asphalt Pavement Inspection

R&M Project No. 091414.1

Dear Ke.

Per R&M Engineering, Inc. (R&M) contractual agreement with UAS, we are pleased to present our findings of our visual asphalt pavement inspection and pavement coring for the UAS Campus Greenway project.

Asphalt Pavement Inspection

On December 18, 2009, R&M conducted a visual inspection on the existing asphalt paved access road that travels through the UAS Campus corridor. The visual inspection was started from the second entrance (northern most) to the Chapel by the Lake and ended at the existing gate posts leading to the UAS Egan Court Yard area. This distance is approximately 730 feet. The weather at the time of the inspection was 34°F and overcast skies. The surface of the asphalt pavement was mostly visible, with light snow fall later in the day. The asphalt pavement surfaces inspected were reported to be placed in the mid 1980's.

The following is a summary table of the asphalt pavement inspection. Selected photos are attached to depict the failure types observed. Please refer to the attached map for stationing and legend number references.

Ms. Ke Mell January 6, 2010 Page 2 of 9

Asphalt Pavement-Surface Failure Type Summary

Station	Failure Type, Severity	Remarks	
0+00 to 0+224	Polished Aggregate at surface, no cracking, low severity	Location: across road width	
0+224	Transverse cracking, ½" to ¾-inch in width, low to moderate severity.	Location: at construction joint	
0+230 to 0+350	Longitudinal Cracking, subbase failure, poor drainage, moderate severity	Location: Left side	
0+323 to 0+425	Potholes, Patches, and Transverse Cracking, moderate severity	Location: right and left side	
0+425 to 0+440	Asphalt depression, subbase settlement, low severity	Location: Hump	
0+425 to 0+528	Potholes, raveling, depression, reflection cracking, transverse cracking, low to moderate severity	Location: spread across the road	
0+528 to 0+535	Depression, low severity	Location: Hump	
0+535 to 0+580	Depression, settlement low to moderate severity	Location: within center of the road	
0+580 to 0+730	Longitudinal, transverse, alligator cracking, low to moderate severity	Location: within center of the road	

Asphalt Pavement Coring

Pavement core sampling was conducted on December 31, 2009, with temperatures of 22° F. A total of five asphalt core samples, 4-inch in diameter, were taken at random locations along the project alignment. Pavement coring was accomplished using an electric powered portable coring machine with detachable bit.

All the core holes were patched with hot asphalt mix after completion of pavement coring work. The following is a summary table of the asphalt core samples:



Asphalt Pavement Core Sample Summary

Core ID	Location (Approximate Stationing)	Average Pavement Thickness (inches)	Remarks
CS-1	0+245 (right)	2.0	Two layers: Top=3/4"; Bottom=1-1/4"
CS-2	0+334.5 (left)	1.5	One layer
CS-3	0+478 (right)	2.75	Two layers: Top = 1-1/4 -inch Bottom=1-1/2-inch
CS-4	0+564 (near center)	1.3	One layer
CS-5	0+670.5 (near center)	1.4	One layer

CONCLUSION

The visible pavement inspection revealed areas of pavement failure and potential subbase failure due to poor roadside drainage (0+230 to 0+350). Construction over the top of existing pavement surfaces that have shown low to moderate severity areas of failure, in our opinion, would lead to premature service life of new surface materials placed over the top of existing materials. The existing asphalt pavement surfaces are over 20 years old and nearly at the end of their useful service life. Existing failed pavement areas (cracking, settlement, potholes, etc.) should be removed and replaced. UAS Campus Greenway Improvements should include improvements to the base, subbase and roadside drainage prior to new materials being placed over the existing pavement surfaces.

Should you have questions concerning this correspondence, please do not hesitate to contact me at your convenience.

Sincerely,

R&M Engineering, Inc.

Mark J. Pusich, P.E.

Civil Engineer

Attachments: Site Plan and Photographs

of Mark Purial

Cc: Rob Southerland, Saragtoga Associates

I:2009/091414.1/100106 UAS Asphalt Inspection Report.doc



Asphalt Pavement Visual Inspection Photos:





Sta. 0+00 to Sta. 0+224: Low severity polished aggregate distress type.





Sta. 0+224: Low to moderate severity transverse cracking at construction joint.





Sta. 0+230 to 0+350: Moderate severity longitudinal cracking, most likely due to subbase failure and lack of drainage on uphill side of the road.





Sta. 0+323 to 0+425: Potholes and patching, moderate severity.





Sta. 0+323 to 0+425: Potholes and transverse cracking, moderate severity.



Sta. 0+425 to 0+440: Low severity depression at speed hump.



Sta. 0+425 to 0+528: Potholes, depression, transverse and reflective cracking, moderate severity.





Sta. 0+425 to 0+528: Potholes, surface distortions and subbase settlement.



Sta. 0+425 to 0+528: Low severity transverse cracking at pavement joint.



<u>Sta. 0+535 to 0+580</u>: Depression and settlement, center of road, low and moderate severity.





Sta. 0+580 to 0+730: Low to moderate severity longitudinal and transverse cracking





Sta. 0+580 to 0+730: Low to moderate severity longitudinal and transverse cracking



Sta. 0+580 to 0+730: Parking area with concrete valley gutter.

Asphalt Pavement Coring Photographs:





<u>CS-1</u>, <u>Sta. 0+245 (right)</u>: Two layers of asphalt pavement with total thickness approximately 2". Top layer thickness is $\frac{3}{4}$ " while bottom layer is about 1- $\frac{1}{4}$ ".





CS-2, Sta. 0+334.5 (left): Thickness of asphalt pavement is about 1-1/2".





<u>CS-3, Sta. 0+478 (right)</u>: Two layers of asphalt pavement with total thickness of approximately 2.75". Thickness of top layer is about $1-\frac{1}{2}$ " while bottom layer is about $1-\frac{1}{2}$ ".





CS-4, Sta. 0+564 (near center): Thickness of asphalt pavement is about 1.3".





CS-5, Sta. 0+670.5 (near center): Thickness of asphalt pavement is about 1.4".